§ 686.5

(4) An accounting of the TEACH Grant program expenditures for that award year to the date of termination.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070g, et seq.)

§ 686.5 Enrollment status for students taking regular and correspondence courses.

- (a) If, in addition to regular coursework, a student takes correspondence courses from either his or her own institution or another institution having an arrangement for this purpose with the student's institution, the correspondence work may be included in determining the student's enrollment status to the extent permitted under paragraph (b) of this section.
- (b) Except as noted in paragraph (c) of this section, the correspondence work that may be included in determining a student's enrollment status is that amount of work that—
- (1) Applies toward a student's degree or post-baccalaureate program of study or is remedial work taken by the student to help in his or her TEACH Grant-eligible program;

- (2) Is completed within the period of time required for regular coursework; and
- (3) Does not exceed the amount of a student's regular coursework for the payment period for which enrollment status is being calculated.
- (c)(1) Notwithstanding the limitation in paragraph (b)(3) of this section, a student who would be a half-time student based solely on his or her correspondence work is considered a half-time student unless the calculation in paragraph (b) of this section produces an enrollment status greater than half-time.
- (2) A student who would be a less-than-half-time student based solely on his or her correspondence work or a combination of correspondence work and regular coursework is considered a less-than-half-time student.
- (d) The following chart provides examples of the application of the regulations set forth in this section. It assumes that the institution defines full-time enrollment as 12 credits per term, making half-time enrollment equal to six credits per term.

Under § 686.5	No. of credit hours regular work	No. of credit hours correspondence	Total course load in credit hours to determine enrollment sta- tus	Enrollment status
(b)(3)	3	3	6	Half-time.
(b)(3)	3	6	6	Half-time.
(b)(3)	3	9	6	Half-time.
(b)(3)	6	3	9	Three-quarter-time.
(b)(3)	6	6	12	Full-time.
(b)(3) and (c)	2	6	6	Half-time.
(c) *				Less-than-half-time.

^{*}Any combination of regular and correspondence work that is greater than zero, but less than six hours.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070g, et seq.)

§ 686.6 Payment from more than one institution.

A student may not receive grant payments under this part concurrently from more than one institution.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070g, et seq.)

Subpart B—Application Procedures

§ 686.10 Application.

- (a) To receive a grant under this part, a student must—
- (1) Complete and submit an approved signed application, as designated by the Secretary. A copy of this application is not acceptable;
- (2) Complete and sign an agreement to serve and promise to repay; and
- (3) Provide any additional information and assurances requested by the Secretary.

- (b) The student must submit an application to the Secretary by—
- (1) Sending the completed application to the Secretary; or
- (2) Providing the application, signed by all appropriate family members, to the institution which the student attends or plans to attend so that the institution can transmit the application information to the Secretary electronically.
- (c) The student must provide the address of his or her residence.
- (d) For each award year, the Secretary, through publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER, establishes deadline dates for submitting to the Department the application and additional information and for making corrections to the information provided.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070g, et seq.)

$\S 686.11$ Eligibility to receive a grant.

- (a) Undergraduate, post-baccalaureate, and graduate students. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, a student who meets the requirements of 34 CFR part 668, subpart C, is eligible to receive a TEACH Grant if the student—
- (i) Has submitted a completed appli-
- (ii) Has signed an agreement to serve as required under §686.12;
- (iii) Is enrolled in a TEACH Grant-eligible institution in a TEACH Grant-eligible program;
- (iv) Is completing coursework and other requirements necessary to begin a career in teaching or plans to complete such coursework and requirements prior to graduating; and
 - (v) Has-
- (A) If the student is in the first year of a program of undergraduate education as determined by the institution—
- (1) A final cumulative secondary school grade point average (GPA) upon graduation of at least 3.25 on a 4.0 scale, or the numeric equivalent; or
- (2) A cumulative GPA of at least 3.25 on a 4.0 scale, or the numeric equivalent, based on courses taken at the institution through the most-recently completed payment period;
- (B) If the student is beyond the first year of a program of undergraduate education as determined by the institu-

- tion, a cumulative undergraduate GPA of at least 3.25 on a 4.0 scale, or the numeric equivalent, through the most recently completed payment period;
- (C) If the student is a graduate student during the first payment period, a cumulative undergraduate GPA of at least 3.25 on a 4.0 scale, or the numeric equivalent:
- (D) If the student is a graduate student beyond the first payment period, a cumulative graduate GPA of at least 3.25 on a 4.0 scale, or the numeric equivalent, through the most-recently completed payment period; or
- (E) A score above the 75th percentile of scores achieved by all students taking the test during the period the student took the test on at least one of the batteries from a nationally-normed standardized undergraduate, graduate, or post-baccalaureate admissions test, except that such test may not include a placement test.
- (2)(i) An institution must document the student's secondary school GPA under §686.11(a)(1)(v)(A) using—
- (A) Documentation provided directly to the institution by the cognizant authority; or
- (B) Documentation from the cognizant authority provided by the student.
- (ii) A cognizant authority includes, but is not limited to—
 - (A) An LEA;
 - (B) An SEA or other State agency; or
- (C) A public or private secondary school.
- (iii) A home-schooled student's parent or guardian is the cognizant authority for purposes of providing the documentation of a home-schooled student's secondary school GPA.
- (iv) If an institution has reason to believe the documentation provided by a student under paragraph (a)(2)(i)(B) of this section is inaccurate or incomplete, the institution must confirm the student's grades by using documentation provided directly to the institution by the cognizant authority.
- (b) Current or former teachers or retirees. A student who has submitted a completed application and meets the requirements of 34 CFR part 668, subpart C, is eligible to receive a TEACH Grant if the student—